| YEAR GROUP | | ADVENT I | ADVENT 2 | LENT I |
|---------------|---------------|---|--|--|
| | TEXTS/GENRE | KEY TEXT: The Explorer The Lost Thing GENRE/S: Narrative – Setting/Character Recount - Diary | KEY TEXT Black & British — Various Counting on Katherine GENRE/S: NC Report Biography | KEY TEXT: Greek Myths You Wouldn't Want to be a Slave in Ancient Greece GENRE/S: Myths NC Report |
| | TRANSCRIPTION | □ Use further prefixes and suffixes: - words from root words ending in −fer - suffix: adding to words ending in −fer - prefixes: bi-, aqua-, trans-, circum-, extra-, pro-, semi-, aero suffixes: -ate, -ise, -ify to convert nouns into adjectives. □ Spell some words with silent letters □ Spell words with hyphens. □ Continue to distinguish between homophones and other words, which are often confused. □ Use knowledge of morphology and etymology in spelling and understand that the spelling of some words needs to be learned specifically: - ough - ibleibly and ablelably - ie', 'ei' and 'cei' words □ Use dictionaries to check the spelling and meaning of words □ Use the first three or four letters of a word to check spellings, meaning or both of these in a dictionary □ Use a thesaurus | □ Use further prefixes and suffixes: - words from root words using prefixes and suffixes - suffix: adding to words ending in —fer - prefixes: bi-, aqua-, trans-, circum-, extra-, pro-, semi-, aero suffixes: -ate, -ise, -ify to convert nouns into adjectives. □ Spell some words with silent letters □ Spell words with hyphens. □ Continue to distinguish between homophones and other words, which are often confused. □ Use knowledge of morphology and etymology in spelling and understand that the spelling of some words needs to be learned specifically: - ough - iblelibly and able/ably - 'ie', 'ei' and 'cei' words □ Use dictionaries to check the spelling and meaning of words □ Use the first three or four letters of a word to check spellings, meaning or both of these in a dictionary □ Use a thesaurus | □ Use further prefixes and suffixes: - words from root words using prefixes and suffixes - suffix: adding to words ending in —fer - prefixes: bi-, aqua-, trans-, circum-, extra-, pro-, semi-, aero suffixes: -ate, -ise, -ify to convert nouns into adjectives. □ Spell some words with silent letters □ Spell words with hyphens. □ Continue to distinguish between homophones and other words, which are often confused. □ Use knowledge of morphology and etymology in spelling an understand that the spelling of some words needs to be learned specifically: - ough - iblelibly and ablelably - 'ie', 'ei' and 'cei' words □ Use dictionaries to check the spelling and meaning of word □ Use the first three or four letters of a word to check spelling meaning or both of these in a dictionary □ Use a thesaurus |
| | ≯ /H | Write legibly, fluently and with increasing speed. Recognise when to use an unjoined style: e.g. for labelling a diagram or data, writing an email address or for algebra e.g capital letters for filling in a form Choose the writing implement that is best suited for a task. | Write legibly, fluently and with increasing speed. Recognise when to use an unjoined style: e.g. for labelling a diagram or data, writing an email address or for algebra e.g capital letters for filling in a form Choose the writing implement that is best suited for a task. | □ Write legibly, fluently and with increasing speed. □ Recognise when to use an unjoined style: e.g. for labelling a diagram or data, writing an email address or for algebra e.g capital letters for filling in a form □ Choose the writing implement that is best suited for a task |

| COMPOSITION | Identify the audience for and purpose of the writing, selecting the appropriate form and using other similar writing as models for their own Note and develop initial ideas, drawing on reading and research Consider how authors have developed characters and settings Select appropriate grammar and vocabulary to enhance and clarify meaning Describe setting, characterisation and atmosphere Integrate dialogue to convey character and advance the action Use a wide range of devices to build cohesion within/across paragraphs. Use further organisational and presentational devices to structure text and guide the reader Assess the effectiveness of their own and others' writing Propose changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarity meaning Ensure consistent and correct use of tense throughout a piece of writing Ensure consistent and correct use of tense throughout a piece of writing Ensure correct subject and verb agreement Proofread for spelling and punctuation errors. Perform their own compositions, using appropriate intonation, volume and movement so that meaning is clear. | Identify the audience for and purpose of the writing, selecting the appropriate form and using other similar writing as models for their own Note and develop initial ideas, drawing on reading and research Consider how authors have developed characters and settings Select appropriate grammar and vocabulary to enhance and clarify meaning Describe setting, characterisation and atmosphere Integrate dialogue to convey character and advance the action Use a wide range of devices to build cohesion within/across paragraphs. Use further organisational and presentational devices to structure text and guide the reader Assess the effectiveness of their own and others' writing Propose changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarity meaning Ensure consistent and correct use of tense throughout a piece of writing Ensure correct subject and verb agreement Proofread for spelling and punctuation errors. Perform their own compositions, using appropriate intonation, volume and movement so that meaning is clear. | ☐ Identify the audience for and purpose of the writing, selecting the appropriate form and using other similar writing as models for their own ☐ Note and develop initial ideas, drawing on reading and research ☐ Consider how authors have developed characters and settings ☐ Select appropriate grammar and vocabulary to enhance and clarify meaning ☐ Describe setting, characterisation and atmosphere ☐ Integrate dialogue to convey character and advance the action ☐ Use a wide range of devices to build cohesion within/across paragraphs. ☐ Use further organisational and presentational devices to structure text and guide the reader ☐ Assess the effectiveness of their own and others' writing ☐ Propose changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarity meaning ☐ Ensure consistent and correct use of tense throughout a piece of writing ☐ Ensure correct subject and verb agreement ☐ Proofread for spelling and punctuation errors. ☐ Perform their own compositions, using appropriate intonation, volume and movement so that meaning is clear. |
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| VOCAB. GRAMM & PUNC. | □ Punctuation: o correct speech punctuation for all speech o commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity o hyphens to avoid ambiguity o brackets, dashes or commas for parenthesis o colon to introduce a list or speech in playscripts o semi-colons, colons or dashes to mark boundaries between independent clauses. o bullet points for a list o ellipsis □ Formal and informal vocabulary and structures including passive and subjunctive. □ Use perfect form of verbs to mark relationships of time and cause. □ Use expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely. □ Use modal verbs (e.g. might, should, will, must) or adverbs (e.g. perhaps, surely) to indicate degrees of possibility. □ Use relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or with an implied (omitted) relative pronoun. □ Use cohesive devices within a paragraph e.g. then, after that, this, firstly. □ Use adverbials of time (e.g. later), place (e.g. nearby) and number/sequence (e.g. secondly) or tense choices (e.g. he had seen her before). | □ Punctuation: o correct speech punctuation for all speech o commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity o hyphens to avoid ambiguity o brackets, dashes or commas for parenthesis o colon to introduce a list or speech in playscripts o semi-colons, colons or dashes to mark boundaries between independent clauses. o bullet points for a list o ellipsis □ Formal and informal vocabulary and structures including passive and subjunctive. □ Use perfect form of verbs to mark relationships of time and cause. □ Use expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely. □ Use modal verbs (e.g. might, should, will, must) or adverbs (e.g. perhaps, surely) to indicate degrees of possibility. □ Use relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or with an implied (omitted) relative pronoun. □ Use cohesive devices within a paragraph e.g. then, after that, this, firstly. □ Use adverbials of time (e.g. later), place (e.g. nearby) and number/sequence (e.g. secondly) or tense choices (e.g. he had seen her before). | □ Punctuation: o correct speech punctuation for all speech o commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity o hyphens to avoid ambiguity o brackets, dashes or commas for parenthesis o colon to introduce a list or speech in playscripts o semi-colons, colons or dashes to mark boundaries between independent clauses. o bullet points for a list o ellipsis □ Formal and informal vocabulary and structures including passive and subjunctive. □ Use perfect form of verbs to mark relationships of time and cause. □ Use expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely. □ Use modal verbs (e.g. might, should, will, must) or adverbs (e.g. perhaps, surely) to indicate degrees of possibility. □ Use relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or with an implied (omitted) relative pronoun. □ Use cohesive devices within a paragraph e.g. then, after that, this, firstly. □ Use adverbials of time (e.g. later), place (e.g. nearby) and number/sequence (e.g. secondly) or tense choices (e.g. he had seen her before). |

| YEAR GROUP | | LENT 2 | PENTECOST I | PENTECOST 2 |
|---------------|---------------|---|--|---|
| | TEXTS/GENRE | KEY TEXT: The Street Beneath My Feet Everything Earthquakes GENRE/S: NC Report Explanation | KEY TEXT: Great Women Who Changed the World Poetry to Perform GENRE/S: Persuasive Poetry | KEY TEXT: The Big Book of Bugs Life on Earth: The Human Body GENRE/S: NC Report Explanation |
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